

THE BROAD AX

OL. XXV

CHICAGO, ILL., SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1920.

No. 35

THE ELKS, OF GREAT LAKES LODGE No. 43, I. P. B. O. LESLIE T. ASH, EXALTED RULER OF THAT LODGE

and Fort Dearborn Lodge, No. 44, With Two Bands, Gave Its Grand Street Parade, Last Sunday Afternoon; All the Members of Both Lodges Were Togged Up In Prince Albert Dress Suits and Wore High Silk Hats.

Attorney A. W. Scott of Washington, D. C., Grand Exalted Ruler of the Elks of the World, Joined in the Parade.

The Annual Sermon Was Preached by Rev. Gloster R. Bryant, Pastor of South Park, M. E. Church, Thirty-third Street and South Park Boulevard.

Monday Evening Great Lakes Lodge of Elks No. 43 Held Its Sixteenth Annual Ball at the Eighth Regiment Armory, The Famous Elks' Celebrated Military Band Furnished the Music. In Every Respect the Ball Was a Very Classy Affair.

By W. G. ANDERSON.

Last Sunday's Elks' parade will go down in Elksdom history as its greatest day. Although the Elks of Chicago were not favored with such perfect weather as on the preceding Sunday when the Odd Fellows turned out, fully one thousand Elks of the Great Lakes Lodge, No. 43 and the Ft. Dearborn Lodge, No. 44, and Daughters of the various women's organizations of Elksdom, met at Wright's Hall, 44th and State streets, and accompanied by two of Chicago's greatest bands, proceeded by Prof. J. W. Hall, marched south to 55th street and Wabash avenue North to 43rd and Vernon avenue, thence South to 33rd and South Park avenue and into the South Park Church where a most brilliant annual sermon was delivered by Rev. Bryant, Pastor of the South Park Avenue Church, who in the most flowery language possible extolled the great success achieved by the Great Lakes and Fort Dearborn Lodges of Chicago. Proceeding the distinguished and eminent divine, Attorney A. W. Scott of Washington, D. C., the Past Exalted Ruler of the World, delivered one of his greatest oratorical efforts of his life. He reviewed the history of the Negro on American soil; showed how he had been forcibly brought to America from Africa several hundred years ago; how he was drafted into the institution of slavery and kept in bondage until 1865; how he distinguished himself on the field of battles, from the war of the Revolution down to and including the Great World War, reciting the glorious acts and deeds performed by him; that the first blood spilled in the Great Revolutionary War was that of a Negro—Crispus Attucks; in the war of the Rebellion was that of a Negro and that the two greatest heroes in the recent World War were Negroes.

Attorney Scott's oration was warmly received and upon concluding his masterful address he was applauded with great vigor. Great credit is due to G. O. Atkinson, the Marshal of the day, and to the ladies who took part in the parade for its magnificent and brilliant success, and the church exercises. More than 125 automobiles containing some of Chicago's brilliant women, neatly gowned and with sparkling diamonds followed the one thousand Elks, all attired in Prince Albert coats of the latest fashion and silk hats, in the line of march, and more than twenty-five thousand of Chicagoans reviewed the magnificent parade of the Elks.

Sunday, May 16, 1920, will go down in history as a great day in Elksdom. Some of the leading officers and members of the Great Lakes Lodge who were observed in the parade and who made its success possible are the following: Leslie T. Ash, Exalted Ruler, of Great Lakes Lodge No. 43, I. P. B. O. Elks of the World; Joseph R. Dunn, Past Exalted Ruler and founder of the Great Lakes Lodge No. 43; C. O. Atkinson, the Marshal of the day; Miles Dotson, Charlie Jones, Assistant Marshal of the day; Prof. J. W. Hall; Henry (Tennant) Jones, Past Exalted Ruler, of the Great Lakes Lodge; J. J. Jones, Past Exalted Ruler of the Great Lakes Lodge; George Hight, Lawrence A. Newby, Exalted Ruler of Fort Dearborn Lodge No. 44; Hon. B. H. Wright, W. G. Anderson, George W. Blackwell, Treasurer and Attorney for the Great Lakes Lodge No. 43.

On Monday evening the Elks composing Great Lakes Lodge No. 43 gave its sixteenth annual ball at the 8th Regiment Armory, it was by far the best and most fashionable ball so far given by the Elks. Leslie T. Ash, Exalted Ruler of that lodge; James T. Copper, Financial Secretary; L. H.

Piper, Chairman of the Ball Committee were on hand smiling all the time and making it pleasant for all who attended it; Hon. Amond W. Scott of Washington, D. C., Grand Exalted Ruler of the Elks of the world, was the most distinguished guest of the ball and Exalted Ruler Leslie T. Ash, escorted him around the hall and gallantly presented him to many of the most beautifully and costly gowned ladies present; Master Arthur Samuels who was dressed in a pure white duck suit, walked at the head of the grand march and he was followed by more than five hundred men and women who departed themselves in the most up-to-date manner in every way and reflected much credit on the Elks and upon the others belonging to their race.

The following were among the most elegantly costumed ladies who were present at the ball:

Mrs. A. W. Yates, blue georgette; Mrs. Della M. Nelson, black georgette; Mrs. G. Groves, old rose georgette; Mrs. M. C. Norton, blue georgette; Mrs. A. T. Thomas, satin tulle; Mrs. E. D. Roehon, brown georgette; Mrs. Rosa H. Howard, black and white silk; Mrs. Ethel Brown, tan georgette; Mrs. Ida Bass, white silk net; Miss Gertrude Walker, gray chiffon tulle; Mrs. Lelia B. Mitchell, chamouse satin; Mrs. Hazel Boardman, black spangled net over green silk; Mrs. Julia Norris, white georgette; Mrs. L. W. Williams, black satin; Mrs. M. P. Lewis, black satin with gold trimmed lace; Mrs. S. Steward, blue net over tulle; Mrs. B. Coles, gray satin; Mrs. Prunice, Daughter of Liberty Temple, beaded black; Mrs. Flossie Edgell, wore pink tulle and ermine; Mrs. Bettie Givens, wore heliotrope satin and velvet; Mrs. Mary Hunter, brocade velvet and beads; Estella Miller, crocodile corse; Hattie Edwards, French model blue tulle and gold lace and French hat; Mrs. J. Thorn, green jersey; Mrs. Minnie Johnson, white satin; Miss Irene Anderson, black tulle; Mrs. W. M. Fishman, white beaded black over georgette; Mrs. P. A. Thompson, white shuttle lace over yellow satin; Mrs. W. A. Penman, dark blue satin georgette; Mrs. Anna L. Smith, dark blue embroidered silk; Mrs. M. Hart, black beaded tulle; Miss Eva Jackson, beaded copanagen blue; Mrs. E. Goode, garnet georgette; Mrs. Lillian West, beaded lace over silk; Mrs. Rachel Johnson, tulle chamouse; Mrs. Nannie Collins, blue satin; Mrs. L. Rutledge, tan beaded veil; Miss Esther Miller, Milliner, red brocade; Mrs. Mary Hunter, black and gold brocade; Mrs. Lena Brown, pale blue net over blue satin; Mrs. Parney J. Nibbs, white satin crpe de chine; Mrs. Isola Johnson, crescent spangled beaded net over green silk; Mrs. E. Gray, pale pink georgette; Mrs. M. Blackman, dark blue chamouse; Mrs. Binnie Byrnes, tan silk poplin; Mrs. G. Lewis, brown velvet; Mrs. Rosa Blackwell, yellow chamouse and cream lace studded with diamonds; Mrs. Kate White, gray chamouse; Mrs. P. J. Nosa, Daughter Ruler of Liberty Temple No. 23, was by far one of the best gowned ladies present at the Elks ball, she wore rich black satin with heavy real lace and jet black trimmings; she looked over as stunning as charming.



BISHOP ARCHIBALD J. CAREY.

Who received the highest vote cast for the honored and distinguished position which he was elected to at the general conference at St. Louis, Mo., and his thousands of loyal friends in all parts of this country freely predict that he will have no superior as one of the new bishops of his church.

NEGRO YEAR BOOK GIVES FACTS OF RACE'S PROGRESS AND PROBLEMS

Many students of race relations, not only in America but also abroad, have come to look with increasing satisfaction to the reports on Negro progress which have been compiled by Monroe N. Work, Director of the Department of Records and Research at Tuskegee Institute, Tuskegee, Ala., and published under the title, "Negro Year Book: An Annual Encyclopedia of the Negro."

The newest edition of the Negro Year Book, which gives in detail the facts concerning Negro life for the years 1918 and 1919, contains comprehensive reviews of such topics as "The Church and the Negro," "The Negro's Economic Progress," "The Migration of the Negro," "The Negro and Trade Unions," "War Work Activities of Negroes," "The Negro in Politics," "Racial Co-operation," "Race Riots," "Lynching," "The Race Problem."

The material in the Negro Year Book, 1918-1919, fulfills the statement made in the preface that "the editor has made extended researches and has spared neither time nor pains to make this new edition of the Negro Year Book in every way more comprehensive and authoritative than any of the previous editions." Indeed, the Year Book covers every phase of Negro activity and should be read and studied carefully by all those who wish to see clearly the relation, not only of twelve or fifteen million American Negroes to the progress of the United States, but also the relation of hundreds of millions of Negroes to international adjustment and progress.

Within 500 pages Professor Work gives a satisfactory bird's-eye view of the work and aspiration of millions upon millions of disadvantaged people, who, whenever they have been given the opportunity, have emerged from ignorance and have performed most skillfully and successfully important work on the farm, in the home, in the church and school, in the professions of law, medicine, and engineering, and in business.

"The Negro Year Book" is far more

than a mere compendium of important facts concerning the relation of Negroes to their complex environment. It furnishes ample testimony to the range of Negroes' interests and abilities. It tells unmistakably and effectively the story of Negro aspiration and accomplishment. It will be read widely in proportion as men and women learn to respect the truth and become willing to be guided in the construction of new policies by that newly-found truth.

So accurate and painstaking have been Professor Work's researches, particularly in the field of lynching, that people everywhere—North and South, white and colored—have come to accept at their face value the statistics which are issued from time to time by Dr. Robert R. Moton, principal of Tuskegee, who, in turn, depends upon Professor Work for important facts with which to wage the campaign for economic and social justice for his race.

Facts are more than stubborn things. Facts constitute the foundation and superstructure of social justice. Facts—accurate, interesting, vital facts—are presented in the "Negro Year Book" and these facts will eventually make men think and act like Christians towards all Americans, regardless of color, class, or creed.—Wm. Anthony Avery, in The Southern Workman, published by Hampton Institute.

NEGRO ELBOTED.

Akron, O., James Miller, Negro, one-time dining car waiter, is a member of the "House of Representatives" of the Industrial Republic of the Good Year Tire & Rubber Co. plant here.

Mr. Miller was chosen over two white opponents in open primaries, and ran for the office under protest. He now helps to guide the business destinies of 25,000 Goodyear employees, most of them white.

The "legislator" introduced a co-operative store bill as one of his first official acts, and later backed a plan for better education of Negro employees. He is a member of several important committees, including plant sanitation, wage-scale and factory education. He is 31 years old.

ACTIVE PREPARATIONS ARE BEING MADE BY THE PUBLICITY COMMITTEE OF THE APPOMATTOX CLUB, TO ENTERTAIN THE DELEGATES AND VISITORS TO THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Arrangements for the entertainment and comfort of the delegates and visitors to the National Republican Convention in June, in charge of the special entertainment committee of the Appomattox Club are rapidly being completed. Col. William R. Cowan, chairman of the Decoration Committee, is planning a real riot of patriotic colors for both the interior and exterior of the club. He submitted his plans at the meeting of the general committee Wednesday night, and if carried out the beautiful club will rival the Coliseum in artistic beauty.

It is expected that a large number of the contesting delegations from the southern states will arrive in the city during the latter part of next week. The requests for reservations in private homes greatly exceed the supply, hence the Housing Committee, Benj. R. Mitchell, chairman, is sending an S. O. S. for additional accommodations. The committee calls the attention of the good citizens of Chicago to the urgent need for accommodation for at least 500 visitors who are expected to visit the convention.

The Publicity Committee is preparing a calendar of entertainments for convention week. Clubs, churches and societies who contemplate providing affairs for the entertainment of visitors are requested to send in their data to the chairman of the Publicity Committee, 3633 Grand boulevard, at once.

TIMED FOR HAVING COLORED WIFE.

Richmond, Va., Fred Grant, white, and Carrie Fife-Grant, colored were fined \$50 each for living together. Grant is very white and Mrs. Grant is very black. They were married in Maine some time ago. The Virginia law prohibits intermarriage but cannot prohibit colored and white while living together. They appealed the case.

Rev. Archibald J. Carey, Rev. W. Sampson Brooks, Rev. William Tecumseh Vernon, Rev. William A. Fountain and Rev. William D. Johnson Are the Five New Bishops Elected by the General A. M. E. Conference at St. Louis, Missouri.

The A. M. E. General Conference will wind up its three weeks session at St. Louis, Mo., the end of the present week; the greatest attraction of the Conference was the election of five new Bishops and well onto fifty candidates consisting of many of the most prominent preachers in the connection had for the past year been engaged in log rolling for those life long and honored positions in the church for the Bishops receive four thousand dollars per year as salary and all expenses with a whole lot of free doings on the side.

After much cool deliberation on the part of the wise leaders of the Conference it was finally decided to elect the following five divines as the new Bishops of the A. M. E. Church, Rev. Archibald J. Carey, Rev. W. Sampson Brooks, Rev. William Tecumseh Vernon, Rev. William D. Johnson and Rev. William A. Fountain. It seems that Bishops Brooks and Vernon were both born in the "show me state," old Missouri, that Bishops Carey, Johnson

and Fountain were ushered into this grand old world in the State of Georgia.

The new Bishops were consecrated last Sunday morning at St. Louis, Mo., the sermon of the occasion was preached by Bishop Evans Tyree.

It has been freely predicted in the columns of this paper in the past that Rev. A. J. Carey, Rev. William T. Vernon and Rev. W. Sampson Brooks would be among the new Bishops to be elected in 1920, and their thousands of friends in all parts of this country are greatly rejoicing that they went over the top.

It is said that for the next four years that Bishops Brooks and Vernon will have charge of the work for their church in South and West Africa; that Bishop Carey will preside, over the Fourteenth Episcopal District which includes Kentucky and Tennessee, and that he will still make his home in Chicago.

GIRLS—GOD BLESS 'EM!

The \$1,000,000 Drive Is Now On.

\$25,000 Needed for Chicago's Colored Girls.

Help the colored girls of Chicago by subscribing to the drive for the Y. W. C. A. May 14 to 25. Thousands of colored girls in our city need your protection. We want the work extended. It is therefore necessary that we as a race, do our part. Self-pride will not let us accept without assisting.

We are quite certain that from 150,000 Negroes in Chicago, this amount could easily be obtained if each one would do his bit. Other cities have reached their quota, and many have gone over the top. What is Chicago going to do? Chicago ranks second along industrial and other lines, but we are sorry to say ranks far behind when it comes to helping the girl. We must remember that no city can go higher than her womanhood. Make your contribution, then influence others in your church, in your club, in your lodge, in your neighborhood, and in your work, for the Y. W. C. A. is playing and will play a great part in helping Chicago solve one of her greatest problems, "the girl." You that have faith in girlhood, subscribe!

Our first report sent in to headquarters for May 15, amounted to \$656.92. May 17, the second night of our drive, our captains brought in \$948.90. One most encouraging feature of the procedure is: Our ministers are helping. The Liberty B. Y. P. U. gave a contribution of \$100,000. Rev. Martin of Bethesda Baptist Church gave his personal cheque for \$20 and a collection of \$21 from his congregation. The Olivet Baptist Church is also numbered among our contributors.

Will not every church of the race in the city of Chicago give up next Sunday to the Y. W. C. A. and thus show its loyalty to your womanhood?—"C."

ATTORNEY CHARLES S. GIBBS IS ONE OF THE LEADING LAWYERS OF SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

The Capitol City of this State, has some able and prosperous lawyers, who rank very high in their chosen profession; but very few of them, have any edge, on Attorney Charles S. Gibbs, who is well and favorably known by all classes of its citizens and at all times Mr. Gibbs, has more law cases pending in the various courts in Springfield and Sangamon County, than any other lawyer in it.

On several occasions in the past, he has appeared as special Assistant Attorney General of Illinois, in some important litigation and many lawyers in his section of the country, do not hesitate in consulting him, when they come in contact with some knotty legal problem or question.

It is a great pleasure to state, that Mr. Gibbs, is a shining example, of

what a colored man can accomplish, when he makes up his mind to forge to the front, in any field of useful endeavor.

For years Mr. Gibbs has been a constant subscriber to this paper.

FIRST RESEARCH GRANT TO NEGRO UNIVERSITY.

Signal Honor Accorded Dr. Ernest E. Just, Recipient of Spingarn Medal.

Washington, D. C.—Dr. Emmett J. Scott, secretary-treasurer of Howard university, officially announces that the National Academy of Sciences, operating under the congressional charter the highest scientific body in America, has just notified the authorities of Howard university, an institution for the training of Negro youth, that beginning with the school year 1920-21 it will provide a grant at the university for Dr. Ernest E. Just, that the latter may be free for teaching and for research wholly in the field of the physiology of development.

Honor to Colored Race.

Dr. Scott made the above official announcement in an address on "The Progress of the American Negro in Science, Art, and Literature," at the meeting of the Southern Sociological congress, held here in Washington this week. He said: "This is the National Research council's first grant in the field of biology; in fact, the only grant so far made by the National Research council in any of the fields of scientific research. It is a very great distinction to come to any member of any race. To the Negro people of America it is an honor and a distinction greatly prized, for it serves once more to remind us that the competitions of intellect know no color line."

Dr. Just's Career.

Dr. Just was born in Charleston, S. C. in 1883. He was graduated from Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., in 1903, and from Dartmouth college, Hanover, in 1907, being the only Magna Cum Laude man in his class. He received his degree, doctor of philosophy, from the University of Chicago in 1916. For ten years he has been a student at the Marine Biological Laboratory at Washington, D. C.

Senator Warren G. Harding's presidential headquarters were opened officially Monday in room 1120 of the Congress hotel. A full force of Harding boosters from Ohio arrived on that day. It is contended that Senator Harding stands very high in the estimation of all parts of Ohio, that many of its leading colored men are working hard to secure his nomination for President of the United States.